SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT BARRIERS

of the
North-east Tobago UNESCO
Man and the Biosphere Reserve
Management Plan

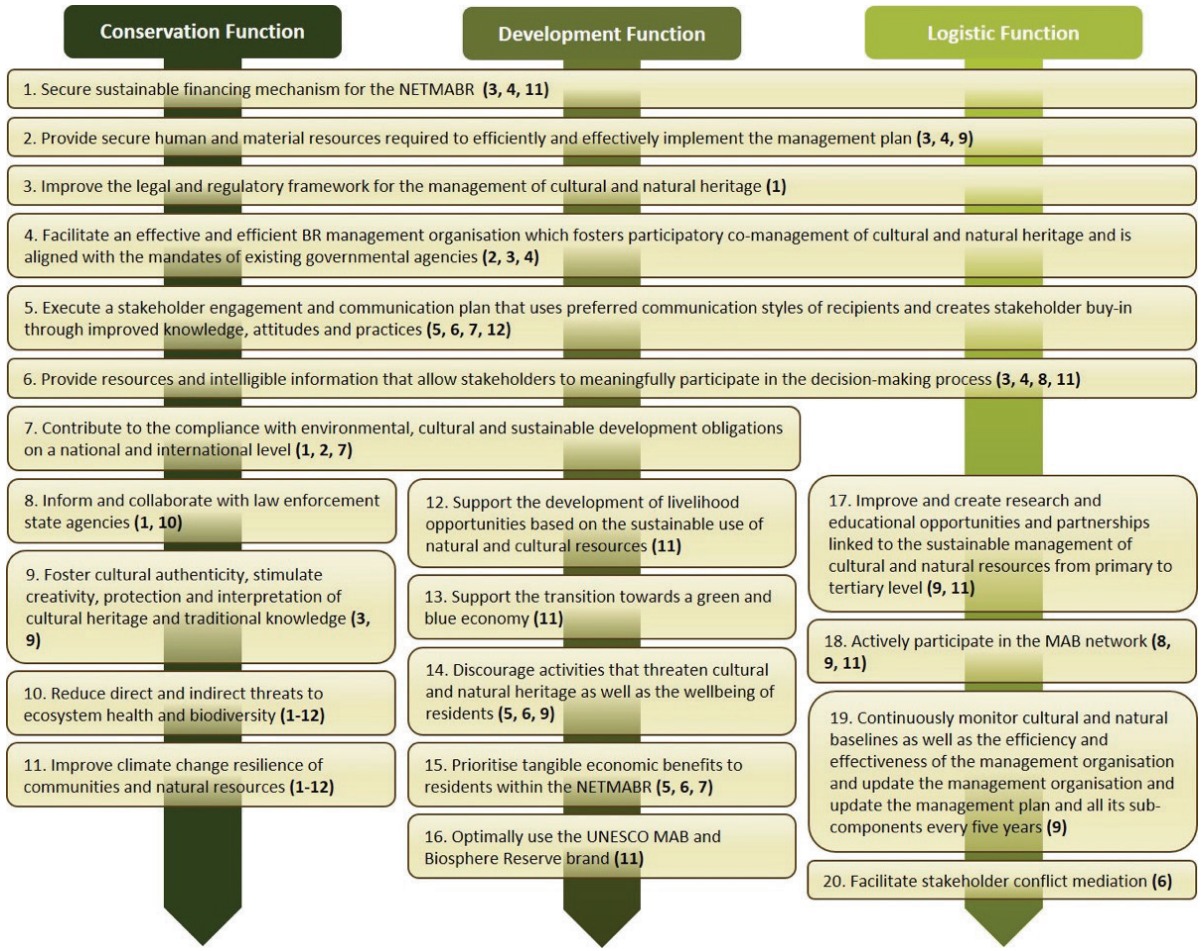
SUMMARY SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

Over the past decade, NE Tobago stakeholders agreed on these 12 key barriers to sustainable development:

1. an outdated legal and regulatory framework for establishing and managing natural and cultural resources,
2. unclear, fragmented roles and responsibilities of stakeholders, especially managing authorities,
3. disempowered and under-resourced management authorities,
4. inadequate funding,
5. willingness to participate if interventions seem to be too restrictive,
6. stakeholder conflicts,
7. lack of broad, bipartisan political will,
8. lack of technical capacity to identify and address issues,
9. minimal capacity on the ground with respect to practical approaches to effective natural and cultural heritage management,
10. inadequate law enforcement,
11. minimal experience with income-generating opportunities, and last but by no means least,
12. a lack of transparency, accountability and compliance with regulation and legislation by the Tobago House of Assembly.

HIGH LEVEL GOAL

To successfully facilitate, communicate, coordinate, and co-manage interventions regarding regenerative development, research, capacity building, education, and networking on landscape, human- and eco-system levels for the benefit of NE Tobago's cultural and natural heritage, communities, and people.



Proposed Main Strategies for the BR Management Plan, Addressed Key-Barriers in (brackets)